

# 8-Bit Buffers

SN54/74LS210  
SN54/74LS240  
SN54/74LS241  
SN54/74LS244

SN54/74S210  
SN54/74S240  
SN54/74S241  
SN54/74S244

## Features/Benefits

- Three-state outputs drive bus lines
- Low current PNP inputs reduce loading
- 20-pin SKINNYDIP® saves space
- 8-bit data path matches byte boundaries
- Ideal for microprocessor interface
- Complementary-enable '210 and '241 types combine multiplexer and driver functions

## Description

These 8-bit buffers provide high speed and high current interface capability for bus organized digital systems. The three-state drivers will source a termination to ground (up to  $133\Omega$ ) or sink a pull-up to  $V_{CC}$  as in the popular  $2200\Omega/330\Omega$  computer peripheral termination. The PNP inputs provide improved fan-in with  $0.2\text{ mA } I_{IL}$  on the low-power Schottky buffers and  $0.4\text{ mA } I_{IL}$  on the Schottky buffers.

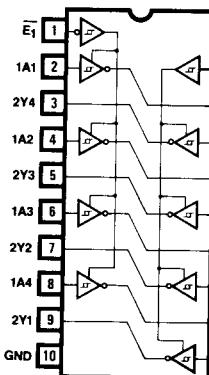
The '240 and '244 provide inverting and noninverting outputs respectively, with assertive low enables. The '210 and '241 also provide inverting and noninverting outputs respectively, but with complementary (both assertive-low and assertive-high) enables, to allow transceive or multiplexer operation.

All of the 8-bit devices are packaged in the popular 20-pin SKINNYDIP.

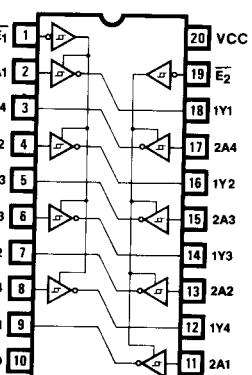
## Logic Symbols

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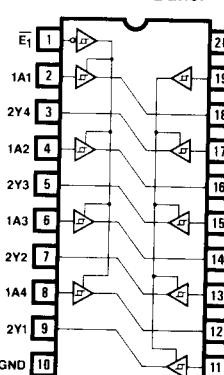
'210 8-Bit Buffer



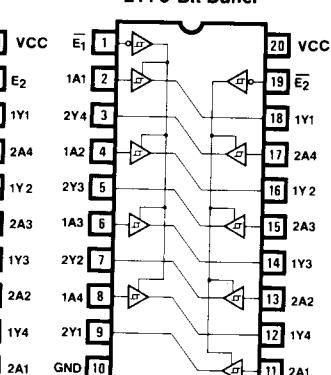
'240 8-Bit Buffer



'241 8-Bit Buffer



'244 8-Bit Buffer



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**Function Tables**

**'210**

<b>E1</b>	<b>E2</b>	<b>1A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>1Y</b>	<b>2Y</b>
L	L	L	X	H	Z
L	L	H	X	L	Z
L	H	L	L	H	H
L	H	L	H	H	L
L	H	H	L	L	H
H	H	X	L	Z	H
H	H	X	H	Z	L
H	L	X	X	Z	Z

**'240**

<b>E1</b>	<b>E2</b>	<b>1A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>1Y</b>	<b>2Y</b>
L	L	L	L	L	H
L	L	L	H	H	L
L	L	L	H	L	H
L	L	H	H	X	X
H	H	L	H	X	L
H	H	L	H	X	H
H	H	H	H	Z	Z
H	H	H	H	Z	L

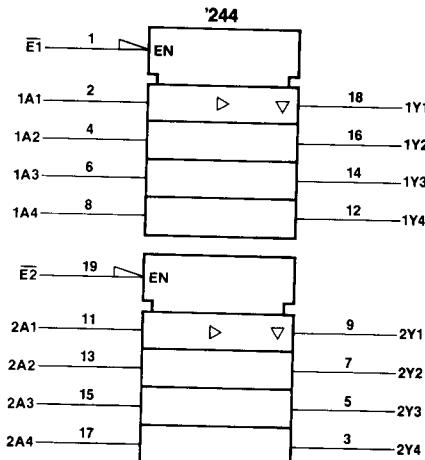
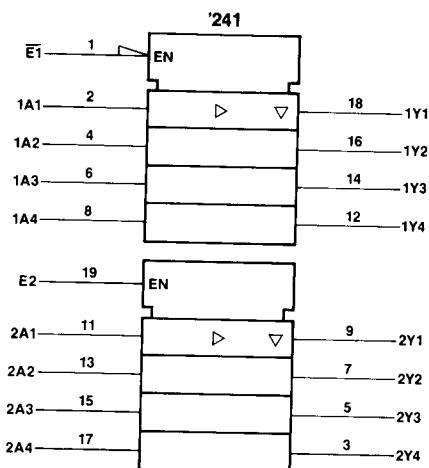
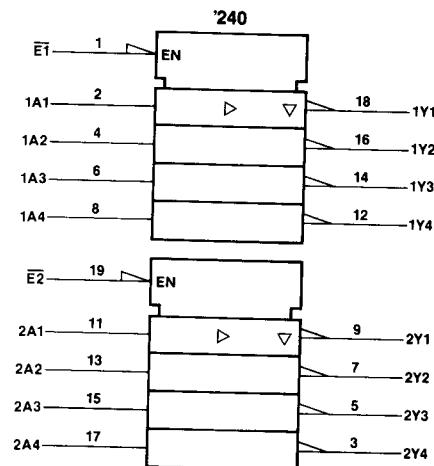
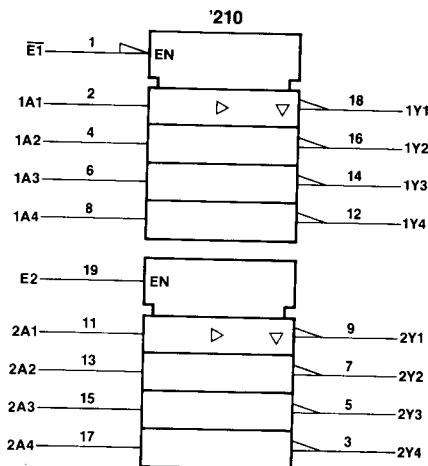
**'241**

<b>E1</b>	<b>E2</b>	<b>1A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>1Y</b>	<b>2Y</b>
L	L	L	X	L	Z
L	L	H	X	Z	Z
L	H	L	L	L	H
L	H	L	H	L	L
L	H	H	L	H	H
H	H	H	H	Z	Z
H	H	X	L	Z	H
H	L	X	X	Z	Z

**'244**

<b>E1</b>	<b>E2</b>	<b>1A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>1Y</b>	<b>2Y</b>
L	L	L	L	L	L
L	L	L	H	L	H
L	L	L	H	H	H
L	L	H	L	X	X
L	H	H	L	X	L
H	H	H	L	X	H
H	H	H	H	Z	Z
H	H	H	H	Z	L

**IEEE Symbols**



### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Supply voltage $V_{CC}$	.....	7 V
Input voltage	.....	7 V
Off-state output voltage	.....	5.5 V
Storage temperature	.....	-65° to +150°C

### Operating Conditions

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MILITARY			COMMERCIAL			UNIT
		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
$V_{CC}$	Supply voltage	4.5	5	5.5	4.75	5	5.25	V
$T_A$	Operating free-air temperature	-55	125	0	0	75	75	°C

### Electrical Characteristics Over Operating Conditions

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MILITARY			COMMERCIAL			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage				0.7			0.8	V
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage				2			2	V
$V_{IC}$	Input clamp voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}$ , $I_I = -18\text{mA}$			-1.5			-1.5	V
$\Delta V_T$	Hysteresis ( $V_{T+} - V_{T-}$ )	$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}$	0.2	0.4		0.2	0.4		V
$I_{IL}$	Low-level input current	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$ , $V_I = 0.4\text{V}$			-0.2			-0.2	mA
$I_{IH}$	High-level input current	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$ , $V_I = 2.7\text{V}$			20			20	μA
$I_I$	Maximum input current	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$ , $V_I = 7\text{V}$			0.1			0.1	mA
$V_{OL}$	Low-level output voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}$ , $V_{IL} = \text{MAX}$ , $V_{IH} = 2\text{V}$	$I_{OL} = 12\text{mA}$		0.4			0.4	V
			$I_{OL} = 24\text{mA}$					0.5	
$V_{OH}$	High-level output voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}$ , $V_{IL} = 0.5\text{V}$ , $V_{IH} = 2\text{V}$	$I_{OH} = -3\text{mA}$	2.4	3.4	2.4	3.4		V
			$I_{OH} = -12\text{mA}$	2					
			$I_{OH} = -15\text{mA}$				2		
$I_{OZL}$	Off-state output current	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$ , $V_{IL} = \text{MAX}$ , $V_{IH} = 2\text{V}$	$V_O = 0.4\text{V}$		-20			-20	μA
$I_{OZH}$			$V_O = 2.7\text{V}$		20			20	μA
$I_{OS}$	Output short-circuit current*	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$		-40	-225	-40	-225		mA
$I_{CC}$	Supply Current	Outputs High	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$ , Outputs open	LS210, LS240	17	27	17	27	mA
		Outputs Low		LS241, LS244	17	27	17	27	
		Outputs Disabled		LS210, LS240	26	44	26	44	
				LS241, LS244	27	46	27	46	
				LS210, LS240	29	50	29	50	
				LS241, LS244	32	54	32	54	

\* Not more than one output should be shorted at a time and duration of the short-circuit should not exceed one second.

### Switching Characteristics $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS (See Test Load/Waveforms)	LS210, LS240			LS241, LS244			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
$t_{PLH}$	Data to Output delay	$C_L = 45\text{pF}$ $R_L = 667\Omega$	9	14		12	18		ns
				12	18		12	18	ns
				20	30		20	30	ns
				15	23		15	23	ns
$t_{PZH}$	Output Enable delay	$C_L = 5\text{pF}$ $R_L = 667\Omega$	15	25		15	25		ns
				10	18		10	18	ns
$t_{PLZ}$	Output Disable delay	$C_L = 5\text{pF}$ $R_L = 667\Omega$	15	25		15	25		ns
				10	18		10	18	ns

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Supply voltage $V_{CC}$	.....	7 V
Input voltage	.....	5.5 V
Off-state output voltage	.....	5.5 V
Storage temperature	.....	-65° to +150°C

### Operating Conditions

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MILITARY			COMMERCIAL			UNIT
		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
$V_{CC}$	Supply voltage	4.5	5	5.5	4.75	5	5.25	V
$T_A$	Operating free-air temperature	-55		125	0		75	°C

### Electrical Characteristics Over Operating Conditions

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MILITARY			COMMERCIAL			UNIT	
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage				0.8			0.8	V	
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage				2			2	V	
$V_{IC}$	Input clamp voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}$	$I_I = -18\text{mA}$			-1.2		-1.2	V	
$\Delta V_T$	Hysteresis ( $V_{T+} - V_{T-}$ )	$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}$		0.2	0.4		0.2	0.4	V	
$I_{IL}$	Low-level input current	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$	$V_I = 0.5\text{V}$			-0.4		-0.4	mA	
	Any A					-2		-2		
$I_{IH}$	High-level input current	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$	$V_I = 2.7\text{V}$			50		50	$\mu\text{A}$	
$I_I$	Maximum input current	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$	$V_I = 5.5\text{V}$			1		1	mA	
$V_{OL}$	Low-level output voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}$	$I_{OL} = 48\text{mA}$		0.55				V	
		$V_{IL} = 0.8\text{V}$								
		$V_{IH} = 2\text{V}$	$I_{OL} = 64\text{mA}$					0.55		
$V_{OH}$	High-level output voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}$	$I_{OH} = -1\text{mA}$			2.7			V	
		$V_{IL} = 0.8\text{V}$	$I_{OH} = -3\text{mA}$	2.4	3.4	2.4	3.4			
		$V_{IH} = 2\text{V}$	$I_{OH} = -12\text{mA}$	2						
			$I_{OH} = -15\text{mA}$			2				
$I_{OZL}$	Off-state output current	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$	$V_O = 0.5\text{V}$			-50		-50	$\mu\text{A}$	
$I_{OZH}$		$V_{IL} = 0.8\text{V}$	$V_O = 2.4\text{V}$			50		50	$\mu\text{A}$	
$I_{OS}$	Output short-circuit current †	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$		-50	-225	-50	-225	-225	mA	
$I_{CC}$	Supply Current	Outputs High	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$	S210,S240		80	123	80	135	
		Outputs Low		S241,S244		95	147	95	160	
		Outputs open		S210,S240		100	145	100	150	
				S241,S244		120	170	120	180	
				S210,S240		100	145	100	150	
				S241,S244		120	170	120	180	

† Not more than one output should be shorted at a time and duration of the short-circuit should not exceed one second.

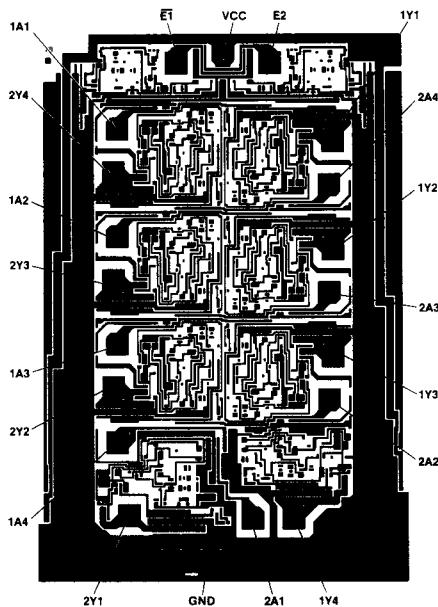
### Switching Characteristics $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS (See Test Load/Waveforms)	S210, S240			S241, S244			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
$t_{PLH}$	Data to Output delay		4.5	7		6	9		ns
$t_{PHL}$			4.5	7		6	9		ns
$t_{PZL}$	Output Enable delay	$C_L = 50\text{pF}$ $R_L = 90\Omega$	10	15		10	15		ns
$t_{PZH}$			6.5	10*		8	12		ns
$t_{PLZ}$	Output Disable delay	$C_L = 5\text{pF}$ $R_L = 90\Omega$	10	15		10	15		ns
$t_{PHZ}$			6	9		6	9		ns

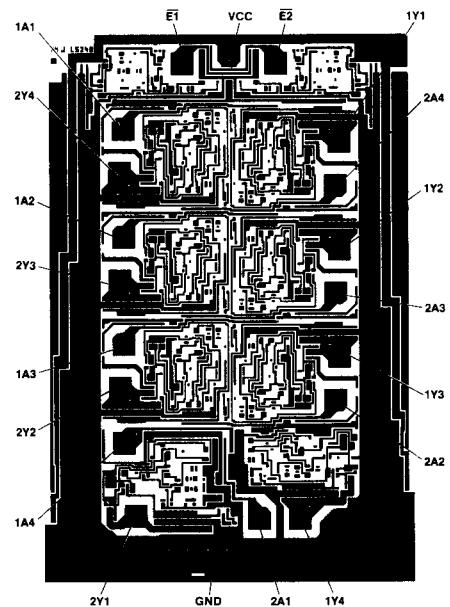
\* For the S210 add 2 ns for the  $E_2$  (Pin 19) enable

## Die Configurations

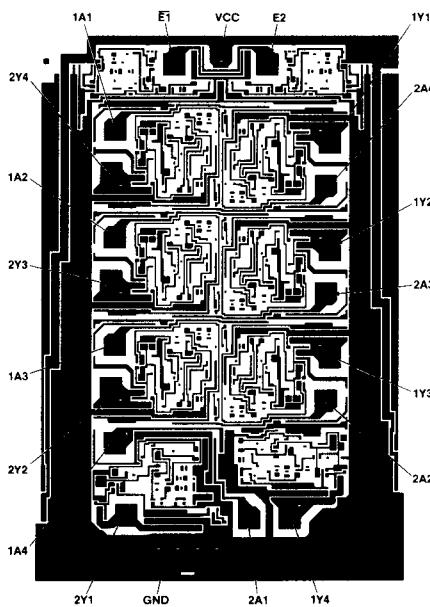
'LS210



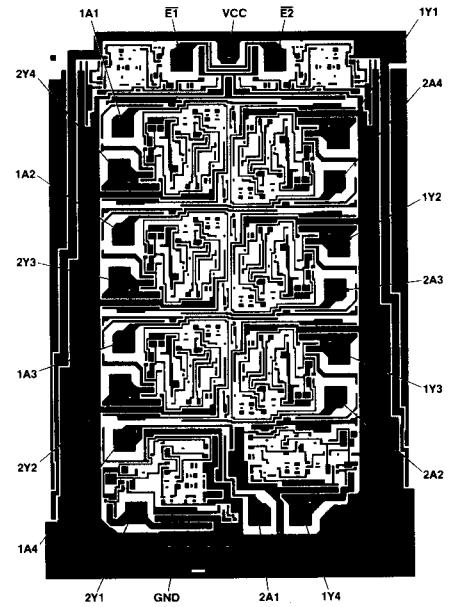
'LS240



'LS241

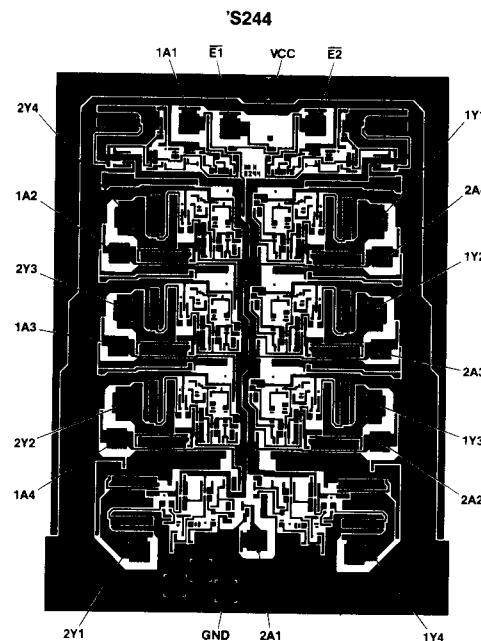
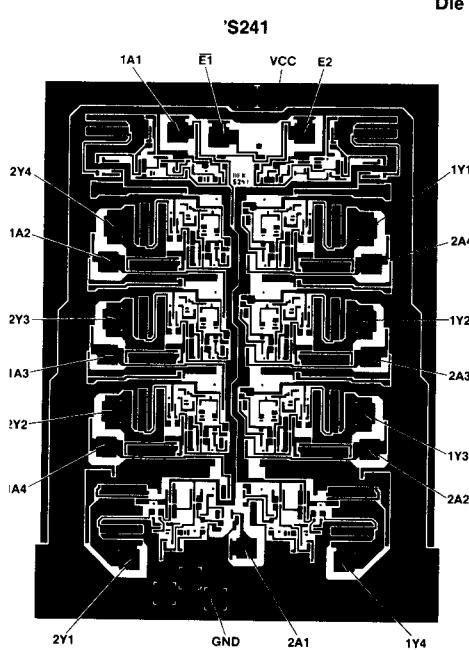
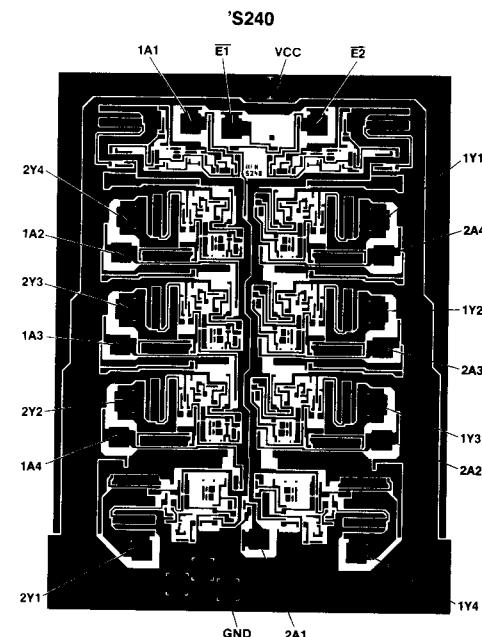
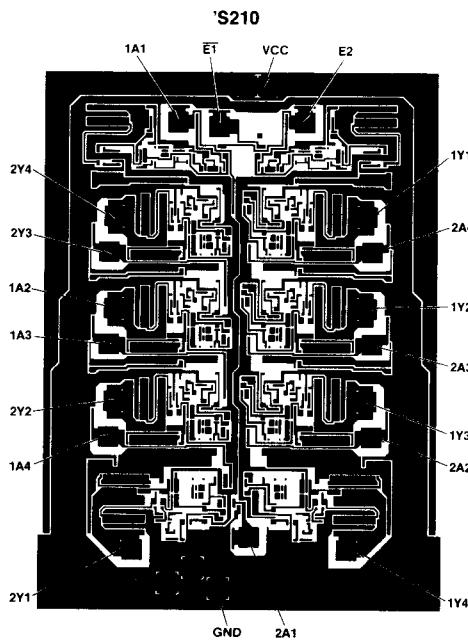


'LS244

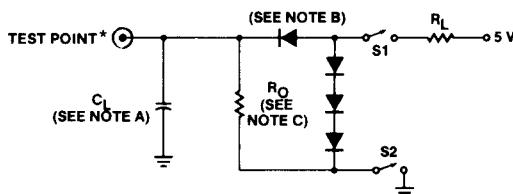


Die Size: 85x146 mil<sup>2</sup>

## Die Configurations

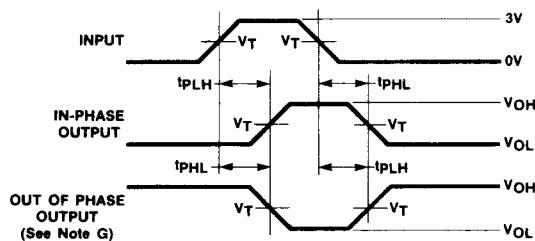


## Test Load

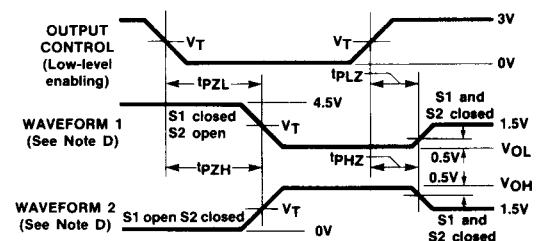


\* The "TEST POINT" is driven by the output under test,  
and observed by instrumentation.

## Test Waveforms



Propagation Delay



Enable and Disable

NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. All diodes are 1N916 or 1N3064.

C. For Series 54/74S,  $R_O = 1K$ ,  $V_T = 1.5$  V.  
For Series 54/74LS,  $R_O = 5K$ ,  $V_T = 1.3$  V.

D. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control.

Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.

E. In the examples above, the phase relationships between inputs and outputs have been chosen arbitrarily.

F. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq 1$  MHz,  $Z_{OUT} = 50\Omega$  and:  
For Series 54/74S,  $t_R \leq 2.5$  ns,  $t_f \leq 2.5$  ns.  
For Series 54/74LS and PALs,  $t_R \leq 15$  ns,  $t_f \leq 6$  ns.

G. When measuring propagation delay times of 3-state outputs, switches S1 and S2 are closed.